

CHINA

THE



MAIL.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING AND WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED THE "HONGKONG EVENING MAIL AND SHIPPING LIST."

VOL. XXIV. No. 1733 三月二十日一千八百六十八年 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, 23RD DECEMBER, 1868. 一千八百六十年十一月二十日同 PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

C. or Peffer's

Intended
Despatch

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.
LONDON.—F. ALGAR, 11, Clement's Lane,
Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET, 30;
Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, 121, Hol-
born Hill, E.C.; BATES HENDY & CO.,
4 Old Jewry, E.C.
AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW
ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Mel-
bourne and Sydney.
SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports
generally.—WHITE & BAUER, San
Francisco.
CHINA.—Stevens, Brown & Co., Amoy,
Giles & Co., Foochow, Thompson &
Co., Shanghai; H. Fogg & Co., Ma-
nila; O. KARUTH & Co.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.
THURSDAY EVENING, 24th Decem-
ber, at half-past five P.M., in the
Chapel of the British Foundling Hos-
pital, there will be held a Liturgical Evening
SERVICE, at which the friends of the
institution are herewith invited. After
the Service the Children will be presented with
the Gifts provided for them by the
local and home friends.

Friday, at half-past ten A.M., Divine
Service and administration of the Lord's
Supper.

On Saturday no Service.

E. KLITZER, Pastor
Hongkong, December 7, 1868. de24

BICHTS.

PURCHASED
WANGH SPEAK
Public of Hong-
kong is prepared
Soft BLEAD
part of the Co-

st quality and at

and or baked in.

Soda and Sugar

Tin or Pound.

AL. HOMINY,

BL. SODA, Sale.

a constantly on

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to order.

Superintendence

, and all orders

bakery, or left at

it's will receive

L. P. WARD.

1868.

prepared to Coal
most reasonable
Steam Coals
our or from fresh
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ALKER & CO.

2, 1868.

IPPING.

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G. N. Minto, O.

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Bank. Tls. 75

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20 p. o. d.

Temperature.

HONGKONG, 23rd December, 1868. (Taken at Messrs Falconer & Co.'s Premises,	LOCAL
THERMOMETER—9 A.M., Dry. .65	
" " Wet. .01	
" " 4 P.M., Dry. .65	
" " Wet. .61	
Self-registered Maximum. .67	
" " Min. over night. .64	
BAROMETER—9 A.M., .30.264	
" " 4 P.M., .30.169	

NOTICE.—It is particularly requested that all communications relating to the general business of this paper be addressed to the Proprietor and in no case to individuals by name. Much delay and inconvenience in the transaction of business will thereby be avoided.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Our columns are open to all who wish to address the public on legitimate grounds, but we do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

All communications addressed to this paper must be accompanied by the name of the sender, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

MARRIAGE.

On Wednesday, the 23rd instant, at the Berlin Foundling House Chapel, Hongkong, by the Rev. E. Klitzke, Rev. JOHANNES NACKEN, son of G. H. Nacken, Esq., Rhine, Rhenish Prussia, to MERA VOOR, eldest daughter of H. Vogt, Esq., Bielefeld, Westphalia.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 23, 1868.

A TELEGRAPH TO AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

We are glad to observe that the Leading home and Australian journals are again agitating for telegraphic inter-communication. For the last eight years the colonies of Australia have been making efforts to promote this object, and in 1861 Victoria alone offered to pay half the cost of a telegraphic cable to Galle if the Imperial Government would pay the other half. This proposal was rejected—for what reason it is somewhat difficult to say. Yet not only Victoria but the other Australian colonies have shewn their earnestness by extending their inter-colonial lines Northwards, in the hope that when prepared to carry a terminus to Carpentaria the scheme of communication with Java and thence to the Straits will be deemed feasible by even the slow-moving brains of British officials.

The Dutch appear from all accounts quite as enthusiastic in favor of the line as the Australians. Our readers will doubtless recollect the programme laid down in 1862-3, by which it was proposed to connect Rangoon with Singapore and thence to carry the line via Java to Australia; a point on the West Coast of the latter continent being talked of as the ocean terminus. The Dutch cheerfully promised to bear their share of the expense, and are even now said to be doing all that is possible in the way of surveying the route and in obtaining estimates, though we believe a direction has been spoken of different to that described in the scheme of 1862. But the obstruction as regards Australia as well as China has been at the homeward end of the line. It cannot be undertaken without government help, and the officials cannot be made to understand that the interest of two important sections of the world conducting an European import and export trade, which, united, amounts to over one hundred and fifty millions of pounds sterling annually, demand the necessary outlay, estimated at about £2,500,000, or that the scheme would pay in a commercial point of view.

We in China cannot be indifferent to the projects of Straits and Australian telegraphic communication. We admit doubts as to whether the prolongation of the existing Galle line to China alone would pay—for some time at least; but given a terminus at Singapore communicating westward with all Europe and the United States and Southward with Java and all our Australian Colonies, there can be little doubt of the necessity which would make itself felt for joining up Hongkong and Singapore. We have already expressed our opinion that telegraphs must extend from home *outwards*; and we apply the same reasoning to the ports. Given a homeward and Australian line from Hongkong, the review of Shanghai merchants would necessarily be greatly enlarged as to the advisability of joining up that settlement, and possibly intermediate ports, with this Colony. We are by no means amongst the number who despair of seeing the East India and China Telegraph Company, as formerly represented by Dr MacGowran, a "bona-fide" working and paying concern. But instead of indulging in romantic and improbable statements as to concessions from the Chinese Emperor and Chinese anxiety to obtain the boon of telegraphs, let them exert all the interest of their Government to get the part of some one concerned, the rascally steward contrived to make his escape from the sheriff's room without paying his way. Achun was sent to prison; and it is said Achun will soon follow him.

George Farries, seaman, is another of those whose inclinations are not towards honest work, but whose desire go pretty

frequently towards—if not a good meal—a "jolly drunk." He was found drunk and incapable, and blames the jolly shipmates in the *Himalaya* for this laudable event. Mr Goodlake sent him to fourteen days' hard labor as a rogue and vagabond.

Ramparast, an ox-constable of color, was summoned at the instance of a colored broker named Fukie, in that he used abusive language towards the complainant. The words used were "You are a *Kiaf*," which, being interpreted, means an "infidel," or person devoid of religious feeling. This Mr Goodlake admitted was very wrong; but as complainant and defendant had been friendly for a year, and as this was the season of all seasons when friendly feelings ought to predominate, his Worship good-naturedly advised them to shake hands over the matter, and go and behave themselves better for the future.

E. Potts, barkeeper at the German Tavern, appeared on a summons for having assaulted a servant boy. The boy stated that about midnight of Monday, defendant kicked him twice in the face. —The barkeeper pleaded that complainant was very impudent and insolent, and he had corrected him as little as he possibly could; he admitted having slapped the boy.—Mr Goodlake said that he must fine defendant \$1; the boy, however, must not be saucy.

G. F. W. Petersen, proprietor of the Gornau Tavern, was summoned by Inspector Grimes for having kept a disorderly house on Monday at midnight, and for having left his house in charge of his barman (Potts). There was music, dancing, and half-a-dozen low Taipinghan prostitutes were taking part in the revels. Defendant said he was very sorry; he had no idea that the barman would have taken advantage of his day's absence at Macao; and he certainly would not leave his house again. He had held a license for nine years, and always kept a quiet house; he had left special instructions with his barman, but they had been apparently utterly disregarded; he had gone to Macao for one day with his wife, who had just arrived from home; and he had at once discharged his barman so soon as he heard of the disturbance.—Potts would never again be in his employ, but he thought he was a steady sort of man.—Inspector Grimes said that the house had hitherto borne a very good character.—Mr Goodlake remarked that he hoped the Court would not be "tricked" about the barkeeper, and that he would be taken back. He was glad to hear that the house bore a good character; it was perfectly natural that he should go with his wife; but he hoped that it would not occur again.—Dismissed.

Lam Ayow, a Wanchi thief, was brought up on remand by Inspector Horapool, charged with stealing clothes from the Barracks of H. M. 29th Regt. He was sent to hard labor for six months, and ordered to find two sureties of \$100 each for a period of twelve months. Poor respectably-dressed servants were charged with having robbed Mr. Hien Kien, brother of a goldsmith and chain, one \$25 note, and a \$10 note, with other jewellery to the value of \$150. The property was missed at 7.30 on Monday morning; and it appears that three of the prisoners were staying in the house at the time, although they had not the shadow of a right to do so. First prisoner (with whom the others were staying) was Mr Kien's boy. Explanations from the prisoners having been so contradictory, an application for bail was distinctly refused by the Magistrate. Defendants were remanded, at the request of Mr Grimes, and sent to prison.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE 73RD REGT. BAND AMATEUR SOCIETY.

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

HONGKONG, Dec. 23rd, 1868.

SIR.—How sad it is to know that a terrible epidemic was about to visit the country. The priest-portion, or *bunze*, who originated it, mentioned as a safe precaution against the disease not to stir out at night, no matter what noise might be heard in the neighbourhood, and to carry copy of the placard about the person. The French authority understood that this placard was merely a preconcerted signal, a kind of watchword, which they conceived to be the for-runner of an insurrection. All the heathens readily responded to the *bunze's* invitation, and repaired in crowds to the temples in order to receive the precious talisman. I prohibited the Christians wearing the superstitious emblem. It was announced that the "epidemic" would last from the 1st to the 20th of July; it only broke out on the 9th. On the night between the 9th and 10th a native soldier arrived from the fort of Chou-han, and gave information that under the pretext of a deer hunt the rebels had entered the fort, and massacred an Annamite sergeant and three soldiers; the remainder were able to make their escape. On the 10th it was known that the rebels had seized the fort of Tha-tiuk. Orders were immediately dispatched from Biu-hoa and Saigon to the column, consisting of infantry, cavalry, and artillery, under Commandant (major) Dan. It started on the Sunday, and, as my Christian had suffered severely from the rebel raid, I did not hesitate to accompany it. The expedition made its first halt at Benet, where four rebels were captured. On the following day as the column was starting at five a.m., it was attacked by a crowd of Annamites who fired a cannon, and a volley from their matchlocks, and valiantly brandished their swords from a safe distance. Fortunately none of our men were hit. Ten minutes after the wretched demonstration there was no trace of the rebels. We arrived at Tha-tiuk at about nine a.m., after repairing two bridges cut by the fugitives. The enemy had made off, but left fearful marks of their passage. The fort and the whole of the village were burnt to the ground, and a fearful scene of slaughter met our eyes in the midst of the smoking ruins. Two carbonised corpses lay on the ground; they were those of two of my Christians; further on the body of an old man, already half devoured by worms, was stretched across his own thighs, and close by a deep well half filled with corpses. I have no doubt that these poor people were slaughtered owing to their religion. I caused the three bodies to be buried, and celebrated the mass there. I ought to have given no further, but to retouch along through the jungle would not have been safe. I therefore followed the commander's advice and remained with the expedition, and during the trip I was able to gather the following particulars of the massacre! On the morning of the 9th a large body of natives came down from Dong-po to Chan-thank, headed by Thae, the *tao-ko* who had drawn up the placard

THE NORTH.

There is but little news by the *Yedo* from the North, the following being the only paragraphs of importance.

(*Supreme Court and Consular Gazette*.)

The past week has been a perfect blank in local news; and with the exception of a rumour which appeared in a greatly exaggerated form in one of the evening papers to the effect that Li-Hung-Chang was approaching Yangtow with an army of 25,000 men and the declared intention of killing Mr Taylor and his party, which proved to be very little foundation, the community have had nothing to talk about but Municipal Council.

The rumour respecting Li's movements was not apparently altogether without foundation. That he has come South with a large number of men is the fact; and no doubt it was the idle talk of the tea-shops that he contemplated hostile action against the foreigners who had humiliated the pride of China. This, increasing as it went, arrived in Shanghai in the startling form in which it was first published under the heading of "Important from Yangtow," but there are certainly at present no signs which form cause of alarm.

The *Shanghai Recorder* regrets to announce the death of Monsieur Mouly, the Catholic Bishop of Peking, and one of the oldest Missionaries in China. He belonged to the order of the Lazarists, and has been resident over 30 years in China. It may be remembered that

Houses and Lands.

TO LET.
THE Corner HOUSE, No. 22 A, in Gage Street, containing six Rooms with Comprador's Room and Godowns attached. Water and Gas laid on.
For particulars, apply to
Mr. H. PESTONIE SETNA,
At Messrs P. & A. C. CAMAJEE
& Co.'s Office,
Queen's Road,
Hongkong, December 1, 1868.

TO LET.
With Immediate Possession,
TWO Two-storyed Granite GODOWNS at Wan-chai, adjoining the Timber Yard of the Union Dock Company.
Apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
Hongkong, November 23, 1868.

TO LET.
WITH immediate possession, the House and Offices, No. 4, Gough Street, lately occupied by Messrs A. WILKINSON & Co.
Apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Hongkong, October 14, 1868.

TO LET.
A CONVENIENTLY situated HOUSE in Chancery Lane. Rent moderate.
Apply to
ARNOLD KARBERG & Co.
Hongkong, October 5, 1868.

TO LET.
THREE Specious GODOWNS suitable for storing dry Goods; also a Fireproof GODOWN capable of containing 1,000 cwt. of Opium. Situated in the most central part of Queen's Road. Apply to
J. F. ROSE, Secretary,
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited.
Hongkong, August 12, 1868.

TWO HOUSES TO BE LET.
RECENTLY put in thorough Repair, situated on the Base of the Hill, Westward, and an easy distance from the Queen's Road. Apply to
JILL BARRINGTON,
Wyndham Street,
Hongkong, May 13, 1868.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.
THE Undersigned will undertake to land & stow, Pack, Coal, and other Merchandise, in their own Boats, and to receive the same on STORAGE in First-class Granite godowns, on Moderate Terms.
ROB. S. WALKER & Co.
Hongkong, March 4, 1868.

NOTICE.
TO THE DESIRABLE PREMISES on the Queen's Road, lately in the occupation of the Asiatic Bank.
For particulars, apply to
SMITH, ARCHER & Co.
Hongkong, May 18, 1868.

TO LET.
THE BUSINESS PREMISES, formerly occupied by Messrs ARNOLD, KARBERG & Co., consisting of Dwelling House, Offices, and spacious Godowns. Possession to be had on the 1st March.
Apply to
JOHN BURD & Co.
Hongkong, February 22, 1868.

TO LET.
TWO New and Strong GODOWNS on Marine Lot No. 63.
Apply to
GAVIN THOMPSON,
At Gibb, Livingstone & Co.'s.
Hongkong, December 16, 1868.

TO LET.
A HOUSE in Spring Gardens, containing four Rooms and Out-House; Rent \$2 per month.
Apply to
GAVIN THOMPSON,
At Gibb, Livingstone & Co.'s.
Hongkong, March 12, 1868.

INTIMATIONS.

JOHN THOMPSON & Co.,
DISPENSING & ANALYTICAL
CHEMISTS
AND
SODA WATER MANUFACTURERS.

Ship's Medicine Chests supplied
and refitted.
TEETH EXTRACTED,
INTERNATIONAL DISPENSARY,
23, Wellington Street,
Hongkong, May 9, 1868.

GEORGE GLASSE,
(FIVE YEARS MANAGER TO
KINGSFORD & Co., PICCADILLY
LONDON, AND 28, PLACE
YENDOME, PARIS)
ENGLISH AND FOREIGN
CHEMIST
VICTORIA DISPENSARY,
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Surgeon Dentists,
HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

SAILORS' HOME, WEST POINT.

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John Dinty, Esq.
H. G. THOMPSON,
Esq., &c.

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Hon. H. G. Gibb, W. MACAULAY, Esq.
G. J. HELLAND, Esq.
G. BEARD, Esq.
Rev. W. R. BEACH
W. LEMLAN, Esq.
J. M. MURRAY, M.D.
Committee of Management.
Hon. W. KESWICK, Chairman.

DONATIONS of Books, Periodicals, News-papers, Clothes, &c., will be most

thankfully received.

A. OVERBURY,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, October 29, 1868.

NEWS AGENCY.

J. MORRIS, News Agent Hongkong, being now prepared to receive orders for any Newspaper or Magazine published in England or the United States of America, at prices as low as those charged by any home Agency, begs to solicit the support of the reading Public, and assure those who may favor him with their orders that the same will be executed faithfully and promptly.

The latest copies of the best English and American Newspapers received by every mail steamer, also the latest copies of the Shanghai and Japan papers.

For subscription lists, with prices, &c., apply to

J. B. MORRIS,
Care of Messrs Bowra & Co.,
Hongkong, March 4, 1868.

INTIMATIONS.

C H U T - S I N G ,
SAIL MAKER,
Endicott Lane,
No. 46, UPSTAIRS.
English and American Canvas of the best
Brands constantly on Hand.
Hongkong, July 13, 1868.

F R I C K & C O .
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS,
GENERAL STOREKEEPERS,
AND
COMMISION AGENTS,
Queen's Road, HONGKONG.

A N D R E W M I L L A R E ,
HOUSE, SHIP- & STEAM-BOAT
PLUMBER,
COPPERSMITH & BRAEFOUNDER,
No. 1, Queen's Road East
and Nullah Lane,
Hongkong, October 28, 1868.

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A. OVERBURY,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, October 29, 1868.

INTIMATIONS.

SHANGHAI STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY.

NOTICE.
HOLDERS of Certificates of Shares in the Shanghai Steam Navigation Company are requested to send them to the Agents of the Company, to be replaced by Receipts representing the amount of the old shares and the stock dividend added, pending the issue of New Share Certificates. HOWLEY MILLER,
Secretary & Auditor.
Shanghai, 24th February, 1868.

F O L M O S A C O A L D E P O T AT K I L U N G
H A S on hand a large Stock of COAL of the best quality, and is prepared to supply Steamers and Sailing Vessels with quick despatch at Current Rates, or deliver the same under Contract, at Hongkong and any Treaty Port in China.

The Depot drawing supplies from the best Mines only, intends to provide a superior article, free of the Surface Coal that has hitherto prejudiced consumers.

MILLISCH & CO.,
Agents.

Kilung, April 2, 1868.

NOTICE.

RENTS and Accounts COLLECTED with punctuality and despatch.

NOTICE.

DISTRAINT WARRANTS for Rent ISSUED and EXECUTED.

Security, if required.

THOS. W. BARRINGTON,
53, Wyndham Street,
Hongkong, February 17, 1868.

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Post-Office Notifications.

MAILS BY THE "ELLORA."

The Contract-Packet "ELLORA" will be despatched with the usual Mails for Europe, &c., on TUESDAY, the 29th Instant, at 9 A.M., and the Post Office will be open for the reception of Ordinary Letters, Letters for Registration, Newspapers, Books, &c., until 8 P.M., on the 28th Instant; Letters, &c., may be posted in the night box from 8 P.M. on the 28th Instant, until 7 A.M. on the following morning.

All Letters posted between 7 and 8 A.M. on the 28th Instant, will be chargeable, in addition to the usual postage, with a Late Fee of 18 cents.

The latest time for posting Letters at this Office is 8 A.M. and for Newspapers, Books, or Patterns 7 A.M. on the 29th Instant.

Further, late Letters (but Letters only) addressed to the United Kingdom, Australia, or to Singapore, may be posted on board the Packet from 3.30 to 8.30 A.M. on payment of a late fee of 48 cents each, in addition to the postage, after which no Letters can be received.

Sealed Boxes containing the correspondence of Box Holders will be received at the window set apart for the purpose, on the East Side of the building.

All correspondence for places to which pre-payment is compulsory must be prepaid in Hongkong Postage Stamps.

Inadequately-stamped Letters addressed to the United Kingdom will be sent oil, charged with a line of One Shilling in addition to the postage.

Letters posted after 7 A.M. on the 29th Instant will not be forwarded unless the Late Fee as well as the postage is prepaid.

Letters insufficiently stamped or unstamped addressed to places to which they cannot be forwarded unpaid, will be opened and returned to the writers as early as possible, but no guarantee can be given that such Letters, if posted after 8 P.M. on the 28th Instant, will be returned until after the mail is closed.

Postage Stamps should be placed on the upper right hand corner of the correspondence, except in cases where they may be used in payment of "Late Fees," when the stamp or Stamps representing the late fee should be placed on the lower left-hand corner.

All transactions in fractional parts of a Dollar will be conducted in the Coins prescribed by Ordinance 1, of 1864, and the Proclamation of the 22nd January, 1864, and no other Coin, but those therein specified will either be received or given in change as fractional parts of a Dollar.

Payment for Postage Stamps must be made in the current Dollars of the Colony or Bank Notes.

Money Orders on any of the Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom will be granted until 5 P.M. on the 28th inst.

F. W. MITCHELL,
Postmaster General,
General Post-Office,
Hongkong, December 21, 1868. de29

Post-Office Notifications.

of a Money Order, or to renew a Lapsed Order. The additional Commission in the last case will be deducted from the amount of the new Order. Lapsed Orders must be presented with the application for a new Order.

12.—But when it is desired that any error in the name of the Remitter or Payee should be corrected or that the amount of a Money Order should be reduced, to the Remitter, or that a Lapsed Order should be renewed for payment in the Country in which the Order was originally drawn, application must be made to the Chief Money Order Office of such Country. This application must be accompanied by an additional Commission, unless it have reference to a Lapsed Order, in which case the Commission will be deducted from the amount of the New Order.

13.—Repayment whether of an original, or renewed, or a duplicate Order, will not be made to the remitter until it has been ascertained that the advice has been called at the Office on which the Order was originally drawn.

14.—Payment of an Order must be obtained before the end of the Sixth Calendar Month after that in which it was drawn; for instance, if drawn in January, payment must be obtained before the end of July, otherwise the Order will become lapsed, and a new Order (for which a second Commission, to be deducted from the amount of the Order, will be charged) will become necessary.

15.—If an Order be not paid before the end of the Twelfth Calendar Month after that in which it was drawn,—for instance, if drawn in January and not paid before the end of the following January—all claim to the Money will be forfeited, unless, under peculiar circumstances, the Post Office of the Country in which the Order was drawn think proper to allow it.

16.—After once paying a Money Order by whomsoever pressed, the paying Office will not be liable to any further claim. If a wrong payment, however, be made owing to negligence on the part of any Officer of the Post Office, the Postmaster General of the Country or Colony in which the negligence occurs will, if he see fit, require the Officer in fault to make good the loss.

17.—No Money Order will be paid unless the advice has been previously received.

18.—Additional Rules for greater security against fraud, and for the better working of the system generally will be made as occasion may require.

19.—Should it appear that Money Orders are used, by mercantile men, or others, either in the United Kingdom or at Hongkong, Shanghai or Yokohama, for the transmission of large sums of money, the British or Colonial Post Office, as the case may be, will consider the propriety of increasing the Commission, and will exercise the power of wholly suspending for a time the issue of Money Orders.

By Command,
F. W. MITCHELL,
Postmaster General,
General Post-Office,
Hongkong, 22nd August, 1868.

Books.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are requested to take notice that the Eighth call of Fifty Dollars on the new Stock of the above-named Company is due on the 1st March next and will be payable at the office of the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, where receipts for the payment thereof will be granted by the Manager.

Interest at the rate of Twelve per cent per annum will be charged after the above date.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE N. MINTO,
Secretary,
Hongkong, December 1, 1868. marn

FOOGHLOW GRANITE FLOORED DOCK.

THE above Dock has been in full working order for the last four years. Length 300 feet, width at bottom 40 feet, depth of water in the sill, springs, average 17 feet, neaps 14 feet. The Dock in ordinary Tides runs dry to the Blocks and is pumped out by Steam.

For further particulars as to the price of coppering, &c., &c., &c., apply to

T. D. TILLINHORN, Esq., Messrs De Silve & Co., Hongkong; Messrs Boyd & Co., Shanghai; or to the Undersigned.

In connection with the above is the powerful Twin Screw Tug "WOOSUNG." Vessels requiring the services of this Tug either from Matson (where a splendid anchorage will be found during the S. W. monsoon) or from the White Dogs, trading under a title which does not consist of the names of the persons composing it, such as "Carron Co." is inadmissible.

6.—The Remitter on stating that the Order is to be paid only through a Bank, to have the option of giving or withdrawing the name of the Payee; in such case, the Order will be crossed in the same way that Cheques are commonly crossed when they are intended to be paid through a Bank.

7.—When an Order is presented through a Bank, a receipt by any person will be sufficient, provided the Order be crossed with the name of the receiving Bank, and be presented by some Person known to be in the employ of such Bank.

8.—The signature of the Payee of a Money Order to be affixed to the Order in the place provided for the purpose. If the Payee is unable to write he must sign the receipt by making his mark in the presence of a Witness, who must sign his name, with his address in the presence of the Officer who pays the Order.

9.—Should the Payee of a Money Order desire to receive payment in the Country in which the Order was issued, at some other Office than that in which the Order was originally drawn, the transfer will be granted, provided the Order be inclosed to the Postmaster of the Office in which it was drawn. In such case a new Order will be issued, the Commission chargeable upon which will be deducted from the amount of the now Order.

10.—In the event of a Money Order miscearrying or being lost, a duplicate will be granted on a written application from the Payee, (containing the necessary particulars, and accompanied by an additional Commission) to the Office where the Original Order was payable.

11.—On the receipt of a similar application, orders will be given to stop payment

Insurances.

OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
LONDON.
Incorporated 1869.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept Risks on the usual terms.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Hongkong, February 26, 1868.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £500,000.

Managing Agents in China, — MORRIS AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO., Hongkong.

Medical Referee, — J. IVOR MURRAY, Esq., M.D.

1.—Repayment whether of an original, or renewed, or a duplicate Order, will not be made to the remitter until it has been ascertained that the advice has been called at the Office on which the Order was originally drawn.

2.—Payment of an Order must be obtained before the end of the Sixth Calendar Month after that in which it was drawn; for instance, if drawn in January, payment must be obtained before the end of July, otherwise the Order will become lapsed, and a new Order (for which a second Commission, to be deducted from the amount of the Order, will be charged) will become necessary.

3.—If an Order be not paid before the end of the Twelfth Calendar Month after that in which it was drawn,—for instance, if drawn in January and not paid before the end of the following January—all claim to the Money will be forfeited, unless, under peculiar circumstances, the Post Office of the Country in which the Order was drawn think proper to allow it.

4.—After once paying a Money Order by whomsoever pressed, the paying Office will not be liable to any further claim. If a wrong payment, however, be made owing to negligence on the part of any Officer of the Post Office, the Postmaster General of the Country or Colony in which the negligence occurs will, if he see fit, require the Officer in fault to make good the loss.

5.—No Money Order will be paid unless the advice has been previously received.

6.—Additional Rules for greater security against fraud, and for the better working of the system generally will be made as occasion may require.

7.—Should it appear that Money Orders are used, by mercantile men, or others, either in the United Kingdom or at Hongkong, Shanghai or Yokohama, for the transmission of large sums of money, the British or Colonial Post Office, as the case may be, will consider the propriety of increasing the Commission, and will exercise the power of wholly suspending for a time the issue of Money Orders.

8.—Money Orders on any of the Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom will be granted until 5 P.M. on the 28th inst.

F. W. MITCHELL,
Postmaster General,

Hongkong, December 21, 1868. de29

9.—On the 1st October next, and thenceforward Money Orders will be issued at this Office and at the Agencies thereof at Shanghai and Yokohama on all the Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for amounts not exceeding £10, at the rate of Exchange Current for Each Mail, and charged with Commission according to the following Scale, viz.:—

For sums not exceeding £2,.....12
Above £2 and not exceeding £5,.....24
" 5 " " 7,.....42
" 7 " " 10,.....48

10.—No Money Order to include a fractional part of a Penny.

11.—Orders drawn in the United Kingdom upon Hongkong, Shanghai, and Yokohama, will be paid at the rate of Exchange Current for Each Mail, and charged with Commission as being issued at the time of their presentation.

12.—Interest at the rate of Twelve per cent per annum will be charged after the above date.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE N. MINTO,
Secretary,
Hongkong, December 1, 1868. marn

13.—Alphabetical Lists of over 3,700 Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom, showing the Counties in which they are situated, are hung up for public reference at this Office, and also at Shanghai and Yokohama.

14.—Applications for Money Orders must furnish, in full, the surname, and, at least, the initial of one Christian name, both of the Remitter and the Payee; if the Remitter or Payee is a Peer or a Bishop, his ordinary title will be sufficient, if a firm, the usual designation of such firm; such as "Baring Brothers" will suffice; but as the mere term Messrs., such as "Messrs. Rivington," or the name of a Company, trading under a title which does not consist of the names of the persons composing it, such as "Carron Co." is inadmissible.

15.—The Remitter on stating that the Order is to be paid only through a Bank, to have the option of giving or withdrawing the name of the Payee; in such case, the Order will be crossed in the same way that Cheques are commonly crossed when they are intended to be paid through a Bank.

16.—When an Order is presented through a Bank, a receipt by any person will be sufficient, provided the Order be crossed with the name of the receiving Bank, and be presented by some Person known to be in the employ of such Bank.

17.—The signature of the Payee of a Money Order to be affixed to the Order in the place provided for the purpose. If the Payee is unable to write he must sign the receipt by making his mark in the presence of a Witness, who must sign his name, with his address in the presence of the Officer who pays the Order.

18.—Should the Payee of a Money Order desire to receive payment in the Country in which the Order was issued, at some other Office than that in which the Order was originally drawn, the transfer will be granted, provided the Order be inclosed to the Postmaster of the Office in which it was drawn. In such case a new Order will be issued, the Commission chargeable upon which will be deducted from the amount of the now Order.

19.—In the event of a Money Order miscearrying or being lost, a duplicate will be granted on a written application from the Payee, (containing the necessary particulars, and accompanied by an additional Commission) to the Office where the Original Order was payable.

20.—On the receipt of a similar application, orders will be given to stop payment

Insurances.

BOMBAY INSURANCE COMPANY
AND FORBES & CO.'S CONSTITUENTS
INSURANCE COMPANY.
Incorporated 1869.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Companies are prepared to accept Risks on the usual terms.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Hongkong, February 26, 1868.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

DETACHED and SEMI-DETACHED.

Dwelling-Houses removed

from Town, and their Contents,

per cent.

Other Dwelling-Houses used

strictly as such, and their Contents,

per cent.

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c.

and their Contents,

per cent.

Other Dwelling-Houses used

strictly as such, and their Contents,

per cent.

GODDARD, AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.,
Hongkong, June 6, 1868.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

DETACHED and SEMI-DETACHED.

Dwelling-Houses removed

from Town, and their Contents,

per cent.

Other Dwelling-Houses used

strictly as such, and their Contents,

per cent.

GODDARD, AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.,
Hongkong, June 6, 1868.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

DETACHED and SEMI-DETACHED.

Dwelling-Houses removed

from Town, and their Contents,

per cent.

Other Dwelling-Houses used

